

Examining Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Felony Case Processing

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JIRN Member Meeting July 24, 2024 Adult Arrests and Prison Sentences by Race and Ethnicity: 2019



Adult Arrests and Prison Sentences by Race/Ethnicity in 2019

New York City											
						•					
	Population	、 ,		ests	Felony			entences			
Race/Ethnicity	#	% of Total	#	% of Total	#	% of Total	#	% of Total			
White	2,253,320	34%	20,661	12%	7,197	10%	376	7%			
Black	1,485,096	22%	81,877	47%	35,476	51%	2,758	55%			
Hispanic	1,820,998	28%	58,417	34%	22,896	33%	1,780	35%			
Asian	1,040,138	16%	10,012	6%	3,804	5%	78	2%			
Other-Unknown	20,502	<1%	1,548	1%	549	1%	28	1%			
Total	6,620,054	100%	172,515	100%	69,922	100%	5,020	100%			
Non-New York City											
		Ν	lon-New Y	ork City							
			lon-New Y	ork City							
	Population			ork City	Felony	Arrests	Prison S	entences			
Race/Ethnicity	Population #				Felony #	Arrests % of Total	Prison S #	entences % of Total			
Race/Ethnicity White		ı (18+)	Arre	ests	ļ	% of Total					
,	#	(18+) % of Total 76%	Arre #	ests % of Total 53%	#	% of Total 46%	#	% of Total 41%			
White	# 6,655,248	(18+) % of Total 76%	Arre # 98,291	ests % of Total 53% 30%	# 25,673	% of Total 46%	# 3,034	% of Total 41% 43%			
White Black	# 6,655,248 795,675	(18+) % of Total 76% 9% 10%	Arre # 98,291 54,442	ests % of Total 53% 30% 14%	# 25,673 20,536	% of Total 46% 37%	# 3,034 3,134	% of Total 41% 43%			
White Black Hispanic	# 6,655,248 795,675 923,200	(18+) % of Total 76% 9% 10%	Arre # 98,291 54,442 25,525	ests % of Total 53% 30% 14%	# 25,673 20,536 7,889	% of Total 46% 37% 14% 1%	# 3,034 3,134 1,038	% of Total 41% 43% 14%			

Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 07/17/2020); National Center for Health Statistics: Vintage 2019 postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States (as of 07/09/2020).

Black defendants disproportionately represented in system

Adult Arrests and Prison Sentences by Race/Ethnicity, 2019 New York City



Adult Arrests and Prison Sentences by Race/Ethnicity, 2019 Non-New York City



Asian

White

Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 07/17/2020);

National Center for Health Statistics: Vintage 2019 postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States (as of 07/09/2020).

Population highest among white individuals; felony arrests highest among black individuals

Population and Felony Arrests by Race/Ethnicity



Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 07/17/2020);

National Center for Health Statistics: Vintage 2019 postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States (as of 07/09/2020).

Arrest rate highest among black individuals



Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 07/17/2020);

National Center for Health Statistics: Vintage 2019 postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States (as of 07/09/2020).

2019 Felony Arrest Case Processing, by Race and Ethnicity



Black defendants more likely to have prior felony conviction



Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 03/15/2024)

Prior felony conviction more likely to result in criminal conviction

Criminal Convictions of 2019 Felony Arrests by Prior Felony Conviction

100%



Small differences in criminal convictions in NYC

	NYC	Total	Bla	ick	Hisp	anic	White		Other	
NYC Felony Arrest Cycles, 2019	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Arrests	69,934	100%	35,481	100%	22,902	100%	7,197	100%	4,354	100%
Arrests with No Prior Felony Convictions	54,513	78%	26,496	75%	18,007	79%	5,960	83%	4,050	93%
Felony Conviction	4,002	7%	1,966	7%	1,467	8%	408	7%	161	4%
Misdemeanor Conviction	6,241	11%	2,979	11%	2,143	12%	777	13%	342	8%
Non-Criminal Conviction	12,303	23%	5,507	21%	4,023	22%	1,476	25%	1,297	32%
Favorable Disposition	23,625	43%	11,904	45%	7,366	41%	2,505	42%	1,850	46%
Decline to Prosecute	4,787	9%	2,525	10%	1,728	10%	317	5%	217	5%
Pending	3,555	7%	1,615	6%	1,280	7%	477	8%	183	5%
Arrests with Prior Felony Convictions	15,421	22%	8,985	25%	4,895	21%	1,237	17%	304	7%
Felony Conviction	2,009	13%	1,142	13%	664	14%	157	13%	46	15%
Misdemeanor Conviction	3,555	23%	2,009	22%	1,190	24%	294	24%	62	20%
Non-Criminal Conviction	2,158	14%	1,240	14%	699	14%	171	14%	48	16%
Favorable Disposition	4,889	32%	2,984	33%	1,471	30%	325	26%	109	36%
Decline to Prosecute	1,198	8%	722	8%	392	8%	64	5%	20	7%
Pending	1,612	10%	888	10%	479	10%	226	18%	19	6%

Note: Convictions include Youthful Offender adjudications.

Favorable disposition includes dismissed, dismissed ACD, acquitted, other favorable, and covered by another case. Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 03/15/2024)



Small differences in criminal convictions in Non-NYC

	Non-NY	C Total	Bla	ck	Hisp	anic	White		Other	
Non-NYC Felony Arrest Cycles, 2019	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Arrests	55,827	100%	20,557	100%	7,894	100%	25,732	100%	1,644	100%
Arrests with No Prior Felony Convictions	41,929	75%	13,946	68%	6,357	81%	20,210	79%	1,416	86%
Felony Conviction	8,365	20%	2,680	19%	1,307	21%	4,171	21%	207	15%
Misdemeanor Conviction	13,069	31%	4,005	29%	1,726	27%	6,930	34%	408	29%
Non-Criminal Conviction	6,941	17%	2,358	17%	1,284	20%	2,998	15%	301	21%
Favorable Disposition	9,833	23%	3,858	28%	1,409	22%	4,171	21%	395	28%
Decline to Prosecute	27	0%	7	0%	3	0%	13	0%	4	0%
Pending	3,694	9%	1,038	7%	628	10%	1,927	10%	101	7%
Arrests with Prior Felony Convictions	13,898	25%	6,611	32%	1,537	19%	5,522	21%	228	14%
Felony Conviction	4,381	32%	1,979	30%	560	36%	1,772	32%	70	31%
Misdemeanor Conviction	4,467	32%	2,087	32%	437	28%	1,873	34%	70	31%
Non-Criminal Conviction	766	6%	401	6%	106	7%	235	4%	24	11%
Favorable Disposition	3,159	23%	1,651	25%	316	21%	1,151	21%	41	18%
Decline to Prosecute	6	0%	3	0%	1	0%	2	0%	0	0%
Pending	1,119	8%	490	7%	117	8%	489	9%	23	10%

Note: Convictions include Youthful Offender adjudications.

Favorable disposition includes dismissed, dismissed ACD, acquitted, other favorable, and covered by another case. Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History file (as of 03/15/2024)



Sentences to Mandatory Prison, by Race and Ethnicity



Creating a Mandatory Prison Proxy

- Examined 2019 felony arraignments in lower court
- Mandatory Prison proxy based on arraignment charge, criminal history, and available incarceration data at DCJS^{*}
 - Non-drug felony with prior felony conviction
 - Non-drug felony with no prior felony conviction (Class A and B, Class C violent felonies, specified Class C non-violent felonies, specified Class D and E violent felonies,
 - Drug felony (Class A excl. A-II PL 220, Class B with prior violent felony offense)



Statewide, mandatory prison most likely due to prior felony convictions

2019 Lower Court Felony Arraignments											
Arraignment Charges	NYC)	Non-N	YC	Tota	al					
No mandatory minimum	19,873	59%	35,868	70%	55,741	66%					
Mandatory minimum	14,012	41%	15,204	30%	29,216	34%					
Due to priors only	4,925	15%	8,594	17%	13,519	16%					
Due to current charge only	6,902	20%	4,941	10%	11,843	14%					
Due to priors and/or current charge	2,185	6%	1,669	3%	3,854	5%					
Total	33,885	100%	51,072	100%	84,957	100%					



Black defendants are more likely to be facing mandatory prison charges at first appearance



MANDATORY PRISON CONVICTIONS Small diffs in convictions; larger for non-convictions

Disposition Outcomes for 2019 Lower Court Arraignments Facing Mandatory Prison Charges



Non-New York City

Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History File (as of 10/18/2023)

New York City

MANDATORY PRISON SENTENCES Small differences in NYC; bigger in Non-NYC

Sentences in Mandatory Prison Convictions for 2019 Lower Court Arraignments Facing Mandatory Prison Charges



Prison Required - NYC

Prison Required - Non-NYC

Note: "No incar sentence" includes Probation, Conditional Discharge, Fine, etc. Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History File (as of 10/18/2023)

Prison Sentence Lengths Imposed, by Race and Ethnicity



Percent of sentences to shortest allowable, by offense type



Percent Sentenced to Minimum Length

Mandatory

Non-Mandatory

NYC: Small differences in shortest sentence lengths between black and Hispanic defendants

Total Number of Prison Sentences and Percent Sentenced to Shortest Allowable Sentence Length: NYC

	Black			Н	Hispanic					Other			
		Shor	test		Shortest			Shor	test		Shortest		
Sentencing	Total	Sente	ence	Total	Sente	ence	Total	Sente	ence	Total	Sente	ence	
Category	#	#	%	#	#	%	#	#	%	#	#	%	
Drug	91	37	41%	149	53	36%	12	6	50%	2	0	0%	
1 VFO	248	106	43%	163	71	44%	29	16	55%	21	7	33%	
2 VFO	248	124	50%	158	88	56%	18	10	56%	12	7	58%	
1 D VFO	229	141	62%	121	69	57%	15	7	47%	11	9	82%	
1 DE Non-VFO	126	78	62%	52	31	60%	26	22	85%	8	3	38%	
2 Non-VFO	420	300	71%	228	168	74%	93	61	66%	23	21	91%	

Non-NYC: White defendants sentenced longer for VFOs; varies for Non-VFOs

Total Number of Prison Sentences and Percent Sentenced to Shortest Allowable Sentence Length: Non-NYC

	Black			Hispanic				White		Other			
		Shor	test		Shortest			Shor	test		Shortest		
Sentencing	Total	Sente	ence	Total	Sente	ence	Total	Sente	ence	Total	Sentence		
Category	#	#	%	#	#	%	#	#	%	#	#	%	
Drug	482	91	19%	139	27	19%	384	60	16%	15	4	27%	
1 VFO	250	81	32%	94	24	26%	150	30	20%	7	3	43%	
1 D VFO	183	78	43%	75	35	47%	106	30	28%	9	6	67%	
2 VFO	457	304	67%	129	87	67%	630	403	64%	24	14	58%	
1 DE Non-VFO	184	99	54%	69	30	43%	305	192	63%	10	6	60%	
2 Non-VFO	348	183	53%	59	29	49%	146	62	42%	3	1	33%	

Key Takeaways



Key Takeaways of Case Processing Analyses

- Analyses show two systems of justice: NYC and Non-NYC.
- Disparities are manifested at the earliest point of contact (i.e., policing and arrests).
- Analyses show more uniformity in decision-making by the time of sentencing.
- However, disproportionality often makes it difficult to determine disparity, due to small Ns.
- Having a prior felony conviction appears to have a significant impact on path dependence.



Thank You!

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